Auburn Hills, Michigan

Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2014

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Karen J. Olex	Assistant Superintendent for Student Services
Frederick J. Cromie	Assistant Superintendent for Administrative Services



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Independent Auditors' Report

Management and the Board of Education Avondale School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Avondale School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Avondale School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters:

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Avondale School District's basic financial statements. The list of the Members of the Board of Education and Administration, and other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and, other than the prior year information, was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other than the prior year information, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The list of the Members of the Board of Education and Administration has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Prior Year Information

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Avondale School District's



financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements. In our report dated October 29, 2013, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Avondale School District's financial statements as a whole. The 2013 information in the comparative supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2013 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2013 information in the comparative supplementary schedules is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2014 on our consideration of Avondale School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Avondale School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

yeo & yeo, P.C.

Saginaw, MI November 14, 2014



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Avondale School District's (the "School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Avondale School District financially as a whole. The district-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund and the 2014 Debt Service Fund (Series A), with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information) Budgetary Information for General Fund

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community education, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Food Services and Community Services Funds are examples) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects). The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Table 1	Governmental Activities			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 8,403,240			
Capital assets	114,785,097	117,042,490		
Total Assets	123,188,337	126,600,207		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	492,172	538,165		
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	6,169,306	14,793,487		
Long-term liabilities	106,462,308	103,449,593		
Total Liabilities	112,631,614	118,243,080		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	11,699,355	17,354,592		
Restricted	1,566,510	1,120,133		
Unrestricted	(2,219,763)	(9,579,433)		
Total net position	11,046,102	8,895,292		

The School District's net position was \$11 million and \$8.9 million at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$11.7 million, compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Net position restrictions are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position is an unrestricted deficit and totals \$2.2 million.

The (\$2.2 million) in unrestricted net position (deficit) of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. A positive unrestricted net position balance would enable the School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The School District's unrestricted net position balance is currently in deficit position, which signals we will experience difficulties with cash flow. There is also no reserve available to handle large unexpected uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities, which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013. (see Table 2).

Table 2	Governmental Activities		
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,663,464	\$ 1,624,358	
Operating grants and contributions	7,781,253	7,123,525	
Capital grants and contributions	680,005	776,735	
General revenues			
Property taxes	15,618,501	15,124,564	
State aid-unrestricted	22,236,375	22,723,441	
Other	342,388	277,696	
Total revenues	48,321,986	47,650,319	
Expenditures			
Instruction	26,204,675	26,413,830	
Supporting services	13,429,218	13,759,477	
Food services	1,095,249	1,147,718	
Community services	995,858	984,132	
Interest on long-term debt	4,446,176	4,921,642	
Total expenditures	46,171,176 47,226,7		
Change in net position	<u>\$ 2,150,810</u> <u>\$ 423</u>		

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$48.3.million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$1.6 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$8.5 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$15.6 million in taxes, \$22.2 million in state foundation allowance, and \$.34 million with our other revenues, i.e., interest income and general entitlements.

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$2.2 million, and total net position increased from \$8.9 million to \$11 million.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2.6 million.

Our Special Revenue Funds (Food Services and Community Services Funds) had a combined increase in fund equity of approximately \$29,700.

Combined, the Debt Service Funds showed a fund balance increase of approximately \$3,700.

The Sinking Fund's fund balance decreased by approximately \$544,000. This increase was planned to provide financing for projects scheduled in fiscal year 2013-2014.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplemental information of these financial statements.

There were revisions made to the original 2013-2014 General Fund budget. Total budgeted revenues were increased approximately \$1.7 million due mainly to an increase in student enrollment and the resultant increase in total foundation based revenues (state & local composite). An

additional increase in state sources of \$1.3 million consisted of state aid categorical payments not anticipated in the original budget. The variance from budget to actual for revenues was approximately 0.1 percent.

Budgeted expenditures were increased approximately \$2.1 million. \$1.2 million of this increase was in basic instruction due to increase retirement costs and expenditures related to the addition of an added shared time program at the secondary level. Added needs increased \$0.4 million due to student caseloads and operations and maintenance increased \$0.3 million primarily due to higher utility costs. The remainder of the expenditure variances were for other assorted known increases to expenditures. The variance from budget to actual for expenditures was approximately 1.7 percent.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2014, the School District had \$115 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction in progress, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of (\$2.3 million). This decrease was driven primarily by depreciation of buildings and additions.

We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$103.8 million in bonds outstanding versus \$80.1 million in the previous year (an increase of 29.6 percent). The increase is due to the issueance of the 2014 Bonds Series A and B. The outstanding bonds consisted of the following:

2003 School Building and Site Bonds	\$2,200,000
2005 Refunding Bonds	7,345,000
2006 Refunding Bonds	9,395,000
2007 Refunding Bonds	17,850,000
2009 Refunding Bonds	11,050,000
2010 Building and Site Series A	4,000,000
2010 Building and Site Series B	22,900,000
2014 Refunding Series A Bonds	28,610,000
2014 Building and Site Series B	400,000

The School District's general obligation bonds are qualified for participation by the State in the Michigan School Bond Loan Program. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School

District's boundaries (\$164 million). If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. All of the School District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$103.8 million is qualified by the State.

During the 2013/2014 school year, the District issued \$28,610,000 in bonds to repay the state school loan revolving fund and school bond loan fund. Total principal and interest repaid was \$28,607,747.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, early separation agreements, and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2014-15 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2014-15 fiscal year is 90 percent and 10 percent of October 2014 and February 2015 student counts, respectively. The 2014-2015 budget was adopted in June 2014, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in October 2014. Approximately 85 percent of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance another 4.35 percent of revenues is derived from other state sources. Under state law, the School District cannot assess additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, School District funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. The state's ability to adequately fund public education continues to diminish.

Based on the initial fall student count, the blended count to formulate the 2014-2015 budget is slightly above the projected target. Once the final student count and related per pupil funding is validated, the School District will amend the budget to more accurately reflect the resources available and adjust original appropriations to reflect known changes in its operating obligations.

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to school districts. It is anticipated with the 2015 budget adoption the foundation allowance will be slightly higher as compared against the 2013-2014 foundation. The School District has qualified for additional funding based on meeting State of Michigan incentives for "Best Practices" and will apply for additional available funding based on student achievement growth. Even with these supplements to the foundation allowance, it is evident that additional budget reductions will continue to be necessary for the District to maintain financial stability and independence. Inevitably these budget reductions will impact the instructional programs and services that are presently offered.

If the State's revenue budget falls short of projections, the legislature must then revise the appropriation or proration of state aid will occur. We received a proration of state aid in earlier fiscal years, it is not known at this time whether a mid-year proration will occur in 2014-2015 and what the impact will be on revenues.

Contacting the School District's Administration

This report is designed to give an overview of the financial condition of the Avondale School District. If there are additional questions or information needed, please contact the business office at (248) 537-6000.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Avondale School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash Taxes receivable	\$ 2,390,708 12,104
Accounts receivable	174,165
Due from other governmental units	5,172,605
Interest receivable	235,817
Inventory	22,168
Investments Prepaid items	386,769 8,904
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,585,343
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	111,199,754
Total assets	123,188,337
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amount on debt refunding	492,172
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	123,680,509
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,240,561
State aid anticipation note payable	275,582
Due to other governmental units Payroll deductions and withholdings	845,365 360,820
Accrued expenditures	655,376
Accrued salaries payable	2,783,058
Deferred revenue	11,337
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	5,005,000
Due in more than one year	101,457,308
Total liabilities	112,634,407
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,699,355
Restricted for:	220.252
Food service Capital projects	238,353 1,328,157
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,219,763)
Total net position	\$ 11,046,102

Avondale School District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Program Revenues	
	Charges for Grants and Gr	Net (Expense)CapitalRevenue andrants andChanges inntributionsNet Assets
Functions/Programs Governmental activities Instruction Supporting services Food services Community services Interest on long-term debt	\$ 26,204,675 \$ 199,929 \$ 3,995,140 \$ 13,429,218 165,046 3,139,039 1,095,249 403,729 647,074 995,858 894,760 - 4,446,176	- \$ (22,009,606) - (10,125,133) - (44,446) - (101,098) 680,005 (3,766,171)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$46,171,176</u> <u>\$1,663,464</u> <u>\$7,781,253</u> <u>\$</u> General revenues	680,005 (36,046,454)
	Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for sinking fund State aid - unrestricted Interest and investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Other	6,878,416 8,075,844 664,241 22,236,375 8,401 7,517 326,470
	Total general revenues	38,197,264
	Change in net position	2,150,810
	Net position - beginning	8,895,292
	Net position - ending	<u>\$ 11,046,102</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Avondale School District Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

	General 2014A Debt Fund Service Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,256,913	\$-	\$ 1,133,795	\$ 2,390,708
Taxes receivable	8,447	-	3,657	12,104
Accounts receivable	173,796	-	369	174,165
Due from other funds	11,196	-	474,495	485,691
Due from other governmental units	5,134,290	-	38,315	5,172,605
Inventory	-	-	22,168	22,168
Investments	-	1,753	385,016	386,769
Prepaid items	7,904	500	500	8,904
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,592,546</u>	<u>\$ 2,253</u>	<u>\$ 2,058,315</u>	<u>\$ 8,653,114</u>
Liabilities and fund balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,113,325	\$-	\$ 127,236	\$ 1,240,561
State aid anticipation note payable	275,582	-	-	275,582
Due to other funds	467,481	-	18,210	485,691
Due to other governmental units	845,365	-	-	845,365
Payroll deductions and withholdings	360,820	-	-	360,820
Accrued salaries payable	2,783,058	-	-	2,783,058
Unearned revenue			11,337	11,337
Total liabilities	5,845,631		156,783	6,002,414

Avondale School District Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

						Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total Governmental Funds	
Fund balance										
Nonspendable										
Inventory	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,168	\$	22,168		
Prepaid items		7,904		500		500		8,904		
Restricted for:										
Food service		-		-		216,185		216,185		
Debt service		-		1,753		145,856		147,609		
Capital projects		-		-		1,327,657		1,327,657		
Assigned for:										
Community services		-		-		189,166		189,166		
Unassigned		739,011		-		-		739,011		
Total fund balance		746,915		2,253		1,901,532		2,650,700		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,592,546	<u>\$</u>	2,253	\$	2,058,315	\$	8,653,114		

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	2,650,700
Total net assets for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:		
Receivables related to interest subsidy to offset the accrued interest payable		235,817
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		3,585,343 111,199,754
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from debt refunding		492,172
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Unemployment claims		(649,584) (5,792)
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Compensated absences Employee severance pay Bonds payable	((42,288) (2,248,000) 104,172,020)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	11,046,102

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	2014A Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local sources	\$ 7,567,826	\$ -	\$ 10,040,646	\$ 17,608,472
State sources	26,149,500	-	40,924	26,190,424
Federal sources	1,190,347	-	1,286,155	2,476,502
Interdistrict sources	2,030,207			2,030,207
Total revenues	36,937,880		11,367,725	48,305,605
Expenditures				
Current				
Education				
Instruction	23,643,712	-	-	23,643,712
Supporting services	12,312,982	-	-	12,312,982
Food services	-	-	1,004,645	1,004,645
Community services	2,226	-	911,250	913,476
Capital outlay	-	-	1,714,849	1,714,849
Debt service				
Principal	-	22,138,299	5,342,084	27,480,383
Interest and other expenditures	-	6,469,448	5,211,576	11,681,024
Total expenditures	35,958,920	28,607,747	14,184,404	78,751,071
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	978,960	(28,607,747)	(2,816,679)	(30,445,466)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	(General 2014A Debt Fund Service Fund			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from issuance of bonds Premium on issuance of bonds Proceeds from school bond loan fund Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	\$	- - 7,517 -	\$	28,610,000 - - - - - -	\$	400,000 8,864 1,783,000 - 43,426 (43,426)	\$	29,010,000 8,864 1,783,000 7,517 43,426 (43,426)
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,517		28,610,000		2,191,864		30,809,381
Net change in fund balance		986,477		2,253		(624,815)		363,915
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning		(239,562)		-		2,526,347		2,286,785
Fund balance - ending	\$	746,915	\$	2,253	\$	1,901,532	\$	2,650,700

Avondale School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. (3,415,734) Depreciation expense (3,415,734) Capital outlay 1,158,341 Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. 7,251,788 Interest 7,251,789 Omponent claims 7,251,789 Special termination benefits 7,251,789 Compensated absences 7,2000 Some and note proceeds and capital leases are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities. When debt is reported the same as regular debt proceeds or repayments, as financing source or expenditure in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities. Debt issued (30,793,000) 27,480,333 51,890 Amortization of premiums 51,890 Debt issued (30,793,000)	Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$	363,915
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense(3,415,734) (3,415,734)Depreciation expense(3,415,734)Capital outlay1,158,341Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. Interest Unemployment claims Special termination benefits7,251,788 (5,792) 72,000 Compensated absencesBond and note proceeds and capital leases are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the fact of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.(30,793,000) 27,480,383Debt issued Repayments of long-term debt Amortization of premiums Amortization of premiums Amortization of bond discount(30,793,000) 27,480,383 21,890 21,890Change in net position of governmental activities§ 2,150,810	• · · •		
Interest Unemployment claims7,251,788 (5,792)Special termination benefits7,2000Compensated absences72,000Bond and note proceeds and capital leases are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. When debt refunding occurs, the difference in the carrying value of the refunding due and the amount applied to the new debt is reported the statement of net position, debt refunding may result in deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources, which are then amortized in the statement of activities.(30,793,000) 27,480,383 51,890Debt issued Amortization of bond discount(30,793,000) 27,480,383 51,890(22,837) (22,837)Change in net position of governmental activities\$ 2,150,810	those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense		
to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. When debt 	Interest Unemployment claims Special termination benefits		(5,792) 72,000
Repayments of long-term debt27,480,383Amortization of premiums51,890Amortization of amount on refunding(45,993)Amortization of bond discount(22,837)Change in net position of governmental activities\$ 2,150,810	to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. When debt refunding occurs, the difference in the carrying value of the refunding debt and the amount applied to the new debt is reported the same as regular debt proceeds or repayments, as financing source or expenditure in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of net position, debt refunding may result in deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources,		
	Repayments of long-term debt Amortization of premiums Amortization of amount on refunding		27,480,383 51,890 (45,993)
		<u>\$</u>	2,150,810

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Avondale School District Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust Funds			Agency Funds
Assets Cash	\$	14,270	\$	485,662
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to agency fund activities		-	\$	216 485,446
Total liabilities			<u>\$</u>	485,662
Net position Assets held for scholarships and loans	<u>\$</u>	14,270		

Avondale School District Fiduciary Funds Private Purpose Trust Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions	\$ -
Deductions	1,546
Change in net position	(1,546)
Net Position - beginning	15,816
Net Position - ending	<u>\$ 14,270</u>

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Avondale School District (School District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the School District's significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. The School District has no component units.

District-wide Financial Statements

The School District's basic financial statements include both districtwide (reporting for the district as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds). The district–wide financial statements categorize all nonfiduciary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the School District's activities are classified as governmental activities.

The statement of net position presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operatingspecific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). In creating the district-wide financial statements the School District has eliminated interfund transactions.

The district-wide focus is on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary fund statements also are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the School District pertaining to education and those operations not required to be provided for in other funds.

<u>2014A Debt Service Fund</u> – This Debt Service Funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue and the payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt related to the 2014A Debt Service.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The School District's Special Revenue Funds include the Food Service Fund and Community Services Fund. Operating deficits generated by these activities are generally transferred from the General Fund.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue and the payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

<u>Sinking Fund</u> – The Sinking Fund is used to record the sinking fund property tax levy and other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically for acquiring new school sites, construction or repair of school buildings.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically for acquiring new school sites, building, equipment, and for remodeling and repairs. The fund is kept open until the purpose for which the fund was created has been accomplished.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent. The Trust Funds are funds entrusted to the School District for scholarship awards and loans and the principal and interest of the trust may be spent. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. This fund is used to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – Generally, outstanding amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are caused by transferring revenues and expenses between funds to get them into the proper reporting fund. These balances are paid back as cash flow permits.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes collected are based upon the approved tax rate for the year of levy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the rates are as follows per \$1,000 of assessed value.

General Fund Non principal residence Commercial personal property	18.0000 6.0000
Debt Service Funds All property	7.3000
Sinking Fund All property	0.6000

School property taxes are assessed and collected in accordance with enabling state legislation by cities and townships within the School District's boundaries. Approximately 100% of the School District's tax roll lies within Oakland County.

The property tax levy runs from July 1 to June 30. Property taxes become a lien on the first day of the levy year and are due on or before September 14 or February 14. Collections are forwarded to the School District as collected by the assessing municipalities. Real property taxes uncollected as of March 1 are purchased by the County of Oakland and remitted to the School District by May 15.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments are stated at fair value based on a quoted market price. Certificates of deposit are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – Inventories are valued at cost, on a firstin, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed, although significant amounts of inventory are capitalized at year end.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years. For such payments in governmental funds the School District

follows the consumption method, and they therefore are capitalized as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The School District defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure assets. Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	50 years
Furniture	20 years
Equipment	10 years
Buses and other vehicles	8 years

<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u> - A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consist of earned but unused accumulated vacation day balances. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – In the district-wide financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period.

In the School District's fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

<u>Non-spendable</u> - amounts that are not available in a spendable form.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for specific purposes. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the Board of Education.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by the Superintendent. The board of education has granted the Superintendent the authority to assign funds. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the general fund are automatically assigned by their nature. <u>Unassigned</u> – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the District's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued *68*, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and Statement 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. Statement 68 requires governments participating in public employee pension plans to recognize their portion of the longterm obligation for the pension benefits as a liability and to measure the annual costs of the pension benefits. The net pension liability will be recorded on the government-wide statements. Statement 71 amends Statement 68 to address an issue concerning transition provisions related to certain pension contributions made to defined benefit pension plans prior to implementation of Statement 68 by employers and nonemployer contributing entities. The District is evaluating the impact these standards will have on its financial reporting. Statement 68 is effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

The GASB has also issued Statement 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. Statement 69 provides detailed requirements for the accounting and disclosure of various types of government combinations, such as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. The guidance available previously was limited to nongovernmental entities, and therefore did not provide practical examples for situations common in government-specific combinations and disposals. The accounting and disclosure requirements for these events vary based on whether a significant payment is made, the continuation of termination of services, and the legal structure of the new or continuing entity. Statement 69 is effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, & ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, thereby canceling all encumbrances. These appropriations are reestablished at the beginning of the year.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. A district is not considered in violation of the law if reasonable procedures are in use by the School District to detect violations.

The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functions within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the year, the School District incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Avondale School District Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

Function	 Final Budget		Amount of penditures	Budget ariances
General Fund Operations and maintenance Athletic activities Community Service Fund	\$ 3,060,753 524,245 888,453	\$	3,083,832 544,435 911,250	\$ 23,079 20,190 22,797

Fund Deficit

The District has a deficit unrestricted net position in the amount of \$2,219,763 on the Statement of Net Position.

Compliance - Bond Proceeds

The Capital Projects Funds include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, management believes the School District has complied, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code. The projects related to the 2010 Series A and B Capital Project Funds were considered complete as of June 30, 2014, which is the substantial completion date. The following is a summary of the revenue and expenditures in the 2010 Series A and B Capital Project Funds from the inception of the funds through the current fiscal year:

Revenues	\$ 27,415,058
Expenditures	26,719,424

Compliance - Sinking Funds

The Capital Project Fund records capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, management believes the School District has complied, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of § 1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 2004-4.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The School District's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total Primary <u>Government</u>
Cash Investments	\$ 2,390,708 386,769	\$ 499,932 -	\$ 2,890,640 386,769
	\$ 2,777,477	\$ 499,932	\$ 3,277,409

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the School District is as follows:

Deposits (checking, savings accounts,	
money markets, certificates of deposit)	\$ 494,201
Investments in securities, mutual funds,	
and similar vehicles	2,782,918
Petty cash and cash on hand	 290
Total	\$ 3,277,409

As of year end, the District had the following investments:

Investment	 Fair Value	Maturities	Rating	Rating Organization
Fidelity Institutional Money Market	\$ 158,504	N/A	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
Bank of America Public Funds Interest checking	1,638,268	N/A	N/A	N/A
JP Morgan Chase checking	743,611	Daily	A-1	Standard & Poor's
Bank of America Money Market	 242,535	Daily	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
	\$ 2,782,918			

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270 day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

Credit risk – State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles.

The School District has designated 5 banks for the deposit of its funds.

Concentration of credit risk – The District has no policy that would limit the amount that may be invested with any one issuer. The School District's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$3,018,750 of the District's bank balance of \$3,518,750 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of year end, none of the district's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the changes in governmental capital assets is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	De	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 3,459,629	\$ 7,404	\$	-	\$ 3,467,033
Construction in progress	91,196	 118,310		91,196	 118,310
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,550,825	125,714		91,196	 3,585,343
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and additions	147,450,804	1,076,823		-	148,527,627
Equipment and furniture	3,377,757	47,000		-	3,424,757
Buses and other vehicles	626,407	 -		34,535	 591,872
Total capital assets being depreciated	 151,454,968	 1,123,823		34,535	 152,544,256
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings and additions	35,008,492	3,134,914		-	38,143,406
Equipment and furniture	2,431,013	231,900		-	2,662,913
Buses and other vehicles	523,798	 48,920		34,535	 538,183
Total accumulated depreciation	37,963,303	 3,415,734		34,535	 41,344,502
Net capital assets being depreciated	113,491,665	 (2,291,911)		-	 111,199,754
Net capital assets	\$ 117,042,490	\$ (2,166,197)	\$	91,196	\$ 114,785,097

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the School District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$ 2,132,210
Support services	1,110,526
Food services	90,610
Community services	 82,388
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,415,734

Construction Contracts

As of year end, the School District had the following construction contracts in progress:

	Remaining					
	Construction			Contract		
	Total Commitment		Payable at			
	(Contract at Yea		Year End	Y	ear End
Various construction projects throughout the						
District	\$	977,997	\$	930,525	\$	47,472

Contracts payable at year end represent actual contractor billings and are recorded as a Capital Projects Fund liability. All projects are expected to be complete by the end of the next fiscal year.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE AND TRANSFERS

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at year end were:

Due From Fund	Due to Fund	Amount
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 467,481 11,196 7,014
		\$ 485,691

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Management does not anticipate individual interfund balances to remain outstanding for periods in excess of one year.

Avondale School District Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

Interfund transfers consist \$29,981 from the 1988 Debt Service Fund to the 2010 Series B Debt service fund as well as a transfer of \$13,445 from the 2001 Debt Service Fund to the 2010 Series A Debt Service Fund. These transfers were made to attempt to close out the funds into other debt service funds.

NOTE 6 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unearned revenue was \$11,337.

NOTE 7 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due to other governments is made up of the following as of June 30, 2014:

Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability	\$ 280,222
Recapture of TIFA	317,783
Other payables	 247,360
	\$ 845,365

During fiscal year 2013, the School District was notified that an audit of tax years 1994 through 2001 was conducted and it was found that the City of Auburn Hills had reported that it was keeping 100% of the captures under a Taxable Increment Financing Authority, when it was actually sharing 50% of the capture to affected districts. This resulted in an overstatement of the capture and an overpayment of State School Aid for those years to the affected districts. Based on the changes in captured value, a liability was recorded as of June 30, 2012 in the amount of \$499,374. During 2014, \$99,875 was repaid and the amount still outstanding was \$317,783 as of June 30, 2014. Avondale has entered into a repayment agreement where amounts will be repaid during the following fiscal years:

2015	\$ 99,875
2016	99,875
2017	99,875
2018	 18,158
	\$ 317,783

NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASES

The School District leases buses under non-cancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$206,885 for the year. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

2015	\$ 222,080
2016	222,080
2017	222,080
	\$ 666,240

NOTE 9 - STATE AID ANTICIPATION NOTE

The School District issues state aid anticipation notes in advance of state aid collections, depositing the proceeds in the General Fund. These notes are necessary because the School District receives state aid from October through the following August for its fiscal year ending June 30th.

Short-term debt activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance Proceeds		Repayments	Balance	
State aid anticipation note	\$1,364,429	\$1,400,000	\$ 2,488,847	\$ 275,582	

The state aid anticipation note agreement includes an irrevocable setaside of \$1,124,418 at year end that is considered defeased debt and not included in the ending balance.
NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences, claims and judgments, termination benefits, and certain risk liabilities.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Government obligation bonds	\$ 80,082,084	\$ 29,010,000	\$5,342,084	\$ 103,750,000	\$ 5,005,000
Accreted interest	1,582,030	-	1,582,030	-	
School Bond Loan Fund	6,655,134	-	6,655,134	-	-
School Loan Revolving Fund	13,700,165	1,783,000	15,483,165	-	-
SBLF - accrued interest	5,485,084	756,782	6,241,866	-	-
Compensated absences	98,137	-	55,849	42,288	-
Employee severance pay	2,320,000	-	72,000	2,248,000	-
Premium on bonds	718,289	-	51,890	666,399	-
Discount on bonds	(267,216)	-	(22,837)	(244,379)	-
Total	\$ 110,373,707	\$ 31,549,782	\$ 35,461,181	\$ 106,462,308	\$ 5,005,000

For governmental activities, compensated absences and retirement incentives are primarily liquidated by the general fund.

General obligation bonds payable at year end, consists of the following:

2003 School Building and Site Bonds- \$57,645,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$2,200,000 through May 1, 2015, interest at 4.00%	\$	2,200,000
2005 Refunding Bonds- \$7,960,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$2,435,000 through May 1, 2022, interest at 4.00%		7,345,000
2006 Refunding Bonds- \$9,835,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$130,000 to \$2,330,000 through May 1, 2019, interest at 3.70% to 4.00%		9,395,000
2007 Refunding Bonds- \$18,240,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$2,500,000 through May 1, 2029, interest at 4.00% to 4.25%	;	17,850,000
2009 Refunding Bonds- $18,470,000$ issued, due in annual installments of $1,340,000$ to $1,535,000$ through May 1, 2022, interest at 3.00% to 4.50%	;	11,050,000
2010 Building and Site Series A Bonds - \$4,000,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$1,325,000 to \$1,340,000 through May 1, 2029, interest at 5.50%		4,000,000
2010 Building and Site Series B Bonds - \$23,270,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$500,000 to \$1,950,000 through May 1, 2035, interest at 2.30% to 5.875%		22,900,000
2014 Taxable Refunding Bonds - \$28,610,000 issued, due in annual installments of \$550,000 to \$11,730,000 through May 1, 2018, interest at .50% to 2.35%		28,610,000
2014 Building and Site Series B Bonds - \$400,000 issued, due in one installment of \$400,000 on November 1, 2017		20,010,000
w ith interest payable annually at 2.00%		400,000
Total general obligation bonded debt	\$	103,750,000

Future principal and interest requirements for bonded debt are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ending June 30,		-	
2015	\$ 5,005,000	\$ 3,894,587	\$ 8,899,587
2016	5,490,000	3,732,430	9,222,430
2017	18,340,000	3,555,171	21,895,171
2018	18,120,000	3,142,975	21,262,975
2019	4,620,000	2,667,108	7,287,108
2020-2024	22,255,000	10,371,847	32,626,847
2025-2029	18,970,000	5,835,762	24,805,762
2030-2034	9,000,000	2,175,188	11,175,188
2035-2036	1,950,000	114,563	2,064,563
Total	\$ 103,750,000	\$ 35,489,629	\$ 139,239,629

The general obligation bonds are payable from the Debt Service Funds. As of year end, the funds had a balance of \$189,166 to pay this debt. Future debt and interest will be payable from future tax levies.

State School Bond Loan

The State School Bond Loan and School Loan Revolving Funds consist of borrowing agreements with the State of Michigan for the purpose of meeting the financing of current debt maturities on the School District's bond issues. The School District repaid the School Bond Loan fund during the year in the amount of \$6,655,134. During the year the School District had proceeds of \$1,783,000 from the School Loan Revolving funds, and repaid the remaining outstanding balance of \$15,483,165. Both loans had a balance of zero as of June 30, 2014.

Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences at year end, consists of \$42,288 of vacation hours earned and vested. The entire vested amount is considered long-term as the amount expended each year is expected to be offset by sick time earned for the year.

Employee Severance Pay

The School District's employee severance pay liability recorded on the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2014 is \$2,248,000.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) and certain medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for general liability, property and casualty and health and vision claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

The School District is self-insured for dental insurance. The School District processes the dental claims and performs other administrative duties. According to the provisions of this program, the School District's liability is limited to the contractual amount of \$220,000 for dental claims.

No accrual has been recorded as of the end of the past three fiscal years, due to the District reaching the maximum contractual amounts. The year end claims liability and activity for the year is as follows:

	2014	2013	2012
Claims incurred Claim payments	\$213,503 (213,503)	\$200,500 (200,500)	\$205,000 (205,000)
Liability end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The School District is self-insured under the Michigan Worker's Disability Compensation Act. Workers' compensation excess insurance has been retained for the aggregate claims exceeding \$500,000 for each annual policy period, to a maximum of \$1,000,000. This excess insurance also applies to individual occurrences exceeding \$500,000, with a statutory maximum for those individual occurrences. The expenditures for the year were \$27,940.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS AND POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The School District has a group of defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans covering substantially all employees. The plans are operated by the State of Michigan's Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS).

The plans provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The system provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries who elect to receive the benefits.

MPSERS operates within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget, Office of Retirement Services, under the authority established by the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Act (Retirement Act), as enacted and amended by the Michigan Legislature. The Michigan Legislature has the authority to amend the Retirement Act. The Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget issues a publicly-available financial report that includes financial statements and required Supplementary information for MPSERS. The report provides information for the plans as a whole and information helpful for understanding the scale of the information presented relative to the School District. That report may be obtained by writing Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671, calling 800-381-5111 or on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Full details on each of these plans are available on the MPSERS website at the address provided above.

Pension Benefits

Employer contributions to MPSERS result from the applying rules and applicable changes of the School Finance Reform Act. Accordingly, each school district is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits. Depending on the plan selected, a plan member's contribution may range from 0% to 7% of their gross wages. Plan members electing into the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

For the period July 1, 2013 through September 30, 2013, employees had the following plan options with the corresponding employer contribution rates:

	Basic M IP	Pension Plus	Pension Plus PHF (first worked September 4, 2012 or later)	Pension Plus to DC with PHF (first worked September 4, 2012 or later)	Basic MIP DB to DC with DB Health	Basic MIP DB to DC with PHF	Basic MIP with PHF
Pension contributions	15.21%	15.02%	15.02%	12.78%	12.78%	12.78%	15.21%
Health contributions	9.11%	9.11%	8.18%	8.18%	9.11%	8.18%	8.18%
Defined contribution plan							
employer contributions:							
DC	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	3.00%	4.00%	4.00%	0.00%
PHF	0.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%

For the period October 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014, employees had the following plan options with the corresponding employer contribution rates:

	Basic M IP	Pension Plus	Pension Plus PHF (first worked September 4, 2012 or later)	Plus to DC with PHF (first worked September 4, 2012 or later)	Basic MIP DB to DC with DB Health	Basic MIP DB to DC with PHF	Basic MIP with PHF
Pension contributions	18.34%	18.11%	18.11%	15.44%	15.44%	15.44%	18.34%
Health contributions	6.45%	6.45%	5.52%	5.52%	6.45%	5.52%	5.52%
Defined contribution plan							
employer contributions:							
DC	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	3.00%	4.00%	4.00%	0.00%
PHF	0.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.00%

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plans for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$3,540,675, \$3,005,326, and \$3,107,324, respectively. Contributions made by the participants of the plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$1,300,299.

Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described above, state law requires the District to provide post-retirement healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and beneficiaries through MPSERS.

The 2012 Retirement Reform included changes to retiree healthcare benefits. New employees hired after the effective date who elect this benefit are enrolled in the defined contribution Personal Healthcare Fund. This establishes a portable tax-deferred account in which the participant contributes 2% of their salary, and receives a 2% employer match. These funds can be used to pay for healthcare expenses in retirement.

Employees working prior to the enactment of the 2012 Retirement Reform have two options: (a) the Personal Healthcare Fund, or (b) the defined benefit Premium Subsidy benefit.

Employees electing the defined benefit Premium Subsidy benefit contribute 3% of their compensation, and the employer contributes an actuarially determined percent of payroll for all participants. Upon retirement members receive a premium subsidy towards health, dental and vision insurance. The subsidy is a percent of the premium cost, with the percentage varying based on several factors.

For the periods July 1, 2013 through September 30, 2013, and October 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014, the employer contribution rate ranged from 8.18% to 9.11% and 5.52% to 6.45%, respectively. See above two tables for rates.

The District's actual contributions match the required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 and were \$1,434,823, \$1,777,461, and \$1,654,903, respectively.

Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District had contributions in the amount of \$970,810 to the Michigan Public School Employee Retirement System (MPSERS). This amount represents the additional employer contributions attributed to the unfunded accrued actuarial liability (UAAL) rate, which was approximately 4.56% for the year. These contributions are not included in the above tables.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subjected to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of costs which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. A separate report on federal compliance has been issued for the year June 30, 2014.

The School District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in one case there is a potential liability estimated in the amount of \$400,000. This has not been accrued in the financial statements as of June 30, 2014 as the terms and amounts of the settlement is not currently known.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to June 30, 2014, the School District has paid the balance of the \$1,400,000 and accrued interest on the short-term state aid anticipation note borrowed in August, 2013 and has subsequently borrowed \$2,300,000 in short-term state aid anticipation notes through the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority with an interest rate of .42% Proceeds from the borrowing will be distributed to the School District on August 20, 2014. On November 4th, the voters within the school district approved \$2,175,000 in State Qualified Bonds for the purpose of purchasing school buses and technology. These bonds will be issued during the 2014/2015 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Avondale School District Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		Over
	Original	Final	Actual	(Under) Budget
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 7,284,250	\$ 7,476,025	\$ 7,567,826	\$ 91,801
State sources	24,883,608	26,158,591	26,149,500	(9,091)
Federal sources	1,002,116	1,317,910	1,190,347	(127,563)
Interdistrict sources	2,049,000	1,962,940	2,030,207	67,267
Total revenues	35,218,974	36,915,466	36,937,880	22,414
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	17,866,926	19,101,560	18,935,900	(165,660)
Added needs	4,420,405	4,774,850	4,707,812	(67,038)
Supporting services				
Pupil	2,681,987	2,830,736	2,724,252	(106,484)
Instructional staff	676,238	809,814	764,650	(45,164)
General administration	554,827	550,205	520,020	(30,185)
School administration	2,087,287	2,167,548	2,147,564	(19,984)
Business	889,642	652,593	544,599	(107,994)
Operations and maintenance	2,761,135	3,060,753	3,083,832	23,079
Pupil transportation services	1,090,302	1,220,268	1,189,221	(31,047)
Central	889,045	875,570	794,409	(81,161)
Athletic activities	544,254	524,245	544,435	20,190
Community services	4,380	4,421	2,226	(2,195)
Intergovernmental payments	2,315	2,315		(2,315)
Total expenditures	34,468,743	36,574,878	35,958,920	(615,958)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	750,231	340,588	978,960	638,372

Avondale School District Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted		Over	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Under) Budget
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	\$	\$	\$ 7,517	\$
Total other financing sources (uses)	115,000	70,500	7,517	(62,983)
Net change in fund balance	865,231	411,088	986,477	575,389
Fund balance (deficit)- beginning	(239,562)	(239,562)	(239,562)	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 625,669	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 746,915</u>	<u> </u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Avondale School District Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

	Special Rev	/enue	e Funds	Debt Service Funds									
	 Food Service		ommunity Services		1988	<u> </u>	2001	<u> </u>	2003		2005		2006
Assets													
Cash	\$ -	\$	40	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes receivable	-		-		-		-		837		124		124
Accounts receivable	228		141		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds	228,406		205,629		-		-		-		2		-
Due from other governmental units	38,315		-		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory	22,168		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investments	-		-		-		-		41,500		6,577		6,333
Prepaid items	 -		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$ 289,117	\$	205,810	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	42,337	\$	6,703	\$	6,457
Liabilities and fund balance													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 45,079	\$	5,307	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	5,685		-	·	-		-	·	-	·	-	·	2
Unearned revenue	 -		11,337		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	 50,764		16,644		-		-		-		-		2
Fund balance													
Nonspendable													
Inventory	22,168		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items			-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:													
Food service	216,185		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service	-		-		-		-		42,337		6,703		6,455
Capital projects	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned for:													
Community services	 -		189,166		-	<u> </u>	-		-		-		-
Total fund balance	 238,353		189,166		-		-		42,337		6,703		6,455
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 289,117	\$	205,810	\$	-	\$	-	\$	42,337	\$	6,703	\$	6,457

Avondale School District Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

				Debt Serv	rice l	Funds					Pr	Capital oject Funds				Total Nonmajor
		2007		2009		2010 Series A		2010 Series B		Sinking		2010 Series B		2014 Series B	Go	overnmental Funds
Assets Cash	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	743,611	\$	390,144	\$	1,133,795
Taxes receivable	Ψ	282	Ψ	692	Ψ	- 282	Ψ	1,034	ψ	- 282	Ψ	- 143,011	ψ	- 390,144	ψ	3,657
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		369
Due from other funds		-		-		23		-		40,435		-		-		474,495
Due from other governmental units		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		38,315
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		22,168
Investments		13,714		36,486		6,457		31,414		242,535		-		-		385,016
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-		500		500
Total assets	\$	13,996	\$	37,178	\$	6,762	\$	32,448	\$	283,252	\$	743,611	\$	390,644	\$	2,058,315
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,373	\$	35,477	\$	-	\$	127,236
Due to other funds		23		-		-		-		-		12,500		-		18,210
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		11,337
Total liabilities		23		-		-		-		41,373		47,977		-		156,783
Fund balance																
Nonspendable																
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		22,168
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-		500		500
Restricted for: Food service																040 405
Debt service		- 13,973		- 37,178		- 6,762		- 32,448		-		-		-		216,185 145,856
Capital projects		- 13,973		- 37,170		0,702		52,440		- 241,879		- 695,634		- 390,144		1,327,657
Assigned for:										211,070		000,001		000,111		1,021,001
Community services		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		189,166
Total fund balance		13,973		37,178		6,762		32,448		241,879		695,634		390,644		1,901,532
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	13,996	\$	37,178	\$	6,762	\$	32,448	\$	283,252	\$	743,611	\$	390,644	\$	2,058,315

Avondale School District Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Spec	ial Rev	renue	e Funds		D	ebt	Service Fund	ds		
	Foo Servi			ommunity Services	 1988	 2001		2003		2005	 2006
Revenues											
Local sources		3,729	\$	894,760	\$ 1,432,594	\$ 555,210	\$	1,889,329	\$	331,020	\$ 331,057
State sources		0,924		-	-	-		-		-	-
Federal sources	60	6,150		-	 -	 -			·	-	 -
Total revenues	1,05	0,803		894,760	 1,432,594	 555,210		1,889,329		331,020	 331,057
Expenditures											
Current											
Education											
Food services	1,00	4,645		-	-	-		-		-	-
Community services		-		911,250	-	-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Debt service											
Principal		-		-	282,084	695,000		2,200,000		125,000	
Interest and other expenditures		-		-	 1,655,673	 33,583		180,170		299,002	 376,651
Total expenditures	1,004	4,645		911,250	 1,937,757	 728,583		2,380,170		424,002	 376,651
Excess (deficiency) of											
revenues over expenditures	4	6,158		(16,490)	 (505,163)	 (173,373)		(490,841)		(92,982)	 (45,594)
Other financing sources (uses)											
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Premium on issuance of bonds		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Proceeds from school bond loan fund		-		-	511,000	173,000		500,000		94,000	46,000
Transfers in		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
Transfers out		-		-	 (29,981)	 (13,445)		-		-	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	 481,019	 159,555		500,000		94,000	 46,000
Net change in fund balance	4	6,158		(16,490)	(24,144)	(13,818)		9,159		1,018	406
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	193	2,195		205,656	 24,144	 13,818		33,178		5,685	 6,049
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$ 23</u>	8,353	\$	189,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$	42,337	\$	6,703	\$ 6,455

Avondale School District Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Debt Serv	ice Funds			Total Nonmajor		
	200	7	2009	2010 Series A	2010 Series B	Sinking	2010 Series B	2014 Series B	Governmental Funds
Revenues									
Local sources	\$ 664	1,077	\$ 1,659,490	\$ 22,445	\$ 1,190,863	\$ 665,888	\$ 184	\$-	\$ 10,040,646
State sources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,924
Federal sources		-		181,523	498,482			-	1,286,155
Total revenues	664	1,077	1,659,490	203,968	1,689,345	665,888	184		11,367,725
Expenditures									
Current									
Education									
Food services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,004,645
Community services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	911,250
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-	1,209,741	505,108	-	1,714,849
Debt service									
Principal		0,000	1,470,000	-	500,000	-	-	-	5,342,084
Interest and other expenditures	748	3,824	469,705	221,142	1,208,606			18,220	5,211,576
Total expenditures	818	3,824	1,939,705	221,142	1,708,606	1,209,741	505,108	18,220	14,184,404
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over expenditures	(154	1,747)	(280,215)	(17,174)	(19,261)	(543,853)	(504,924)	(18,220)	(2,816,679)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	400,000	400,000
Premium on issuance of bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	8,864	8,864
Proceeds from school bond loan fund	15	7,000	291,000	2,300	8,700	-	-	-	1,783,000
Transfers in		-	-	13,445	29,981	-	-	-	43,426
Transfers out		-	-		-	-	-		(43,426)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15	7,000	291,000	15,745	38,681			408,864	2,191,864
Net change in fund balance	:	2,253	10,785	(1,429)	19,420	(543,853)	(504,924)	390,644	(624,815)
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	1	,720	26,393	8,191	13,028	785,732	1,200,558		2,526,347
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$ 1;</u>	3,973	<u>\$ 37,178</u>	\$ 6,762	\$ 32,448	<u>\$241,879</u>	<u>\$ 695,634</u>	\$ 390,644	<u>\$ 1,901,532</u>

Avondale School District Other Supplementary Information General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

		2014		2013
Assets Cash Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Prepaid items	\$	1,256,913 8,447 173,796 11,196 5,134,290 7,904	\$	1,558,605 - 192,135 1,588 5,564,489 46,089
Total assets	\$	6,592,546	<u>\$</u>	7,362,906
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities Accounts payable State aid anticipation note payable Due to other funds Due to other governmental units Payroll deductions and withholdings Accrued salaries payable and payroll related liabilities	\$	1,113,325 275,582 467,481 845,365 360,820 2,783,058	\$	975,258 1,364,429 673,149 989,837 210,839 3,388,956
Total liabilities		5,845,631		7,602,468
Fund balance Nonspendable Prepaid items Unassigned (deficit)		7,904 739,011		46,089 (285,651)
Total fund balance (deficit)		746,915		(239,562)
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	6,592,546	<u>\$</u>	7,362,906

Avondale School District

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2014

Year Ending	Interest Rate					Principal Due		Total Debt		
June 30	(Percent)	Ν	November 1		May 1		May 1		Service Cost	
2003 School Building and Site Bonds										
2015	4.00	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	2,200,000	\$	2,376,000	
2005 Refunding Bonds										
2015	4.00	\$	146,900	\$	146,900	\$	-	\$	293,800	
2016	4.00		146,900		146,900		30,000		323,800	
2017	4.00		146,300		146,300		30,000		322,600	
2018	4.00		145,700		145,700		30,000		321,400	
2019	4.00		145,100		145,100		35,000		325,200	
2020	4.00		144,400		144,400		2,435,000		2,723,800	
2021	4.00		95,700		95,700		2,405,000		2,596,400	
2022	4.00		47,600		47,600		2,380,000		2,475,200	
		\$	1,018,600	\$	1,018,600	\$	7,345,000	\$	9,382,200	
2006 Refunding Bonds										
2015	4.00	\$	187,900	\$	187,900	\$	130,000	\$	505,800	
2016	4.00		185,300		185,300		2,300,000		2,670,600	
2017	4.00		139,300		139,300		2,330,000		2,608,600	
2018	4.00		92,700		92,700		2,305,000		2,490,400	
2019	4.00		46,600		46,600		2,330,000		2,423,200	
		\$	651,800	\$	651,800	\$	9,395,000	\$	10,698,600	

Year Ending	Interest Rate	Interest Due					Principal Due		Total Debt		
June 30	(Percent)	N	November 1		May 1		May 1		Service Cost		
2007 Refunding Bonds											
2015	4.00	\$	372,244	\$	372,244	\$	75,000	\$	819,488		
2016	4.00		370,743		370,744		75,000		816,487		
2017	4.00		369,244		369,244		80,000		818,488		
2018	4.00		367,643		367,644		80,000		815,287		
2019	4.00		366,044		366,044		85,000		817,088		
2020	4.00		364,343		364,344		90,000		818,687		
2021	4.00		362,544		362,544		90,000		815,088		
2022	4.00		360,743		360,744		95,000		816,487		
2023	4.00		358,844		358,844		2,500,000		3,217,688		
2024	4.00		308,843		308,844		2,485,000		3,102,687		
2025	4.25		259,144		259,144		2,470,000		2,988,288		
2026	4.25		206,656		206,656		2,455,000		2,868,312		
2027	4.25		154,487		154,488		2,440,000		2,748,975		
2028	4.25		102,637		102,638		2,425,000		2,630,275		
2029	4.25		51,106		51,106		2,405,000		2,507,212		
		\$	4,375,265	\$	4,375,272	\$	17,850,000	\$	26,600,537		

Year Ending	Interest Rate					Je Principal Due			Total Debt		
June 30	(Percent)		November 1		May 1		May 1	Service Cost			
2009 Refunding Bonds											
2015	3.00	\$	211,348	\$	211,348	\$	1,450,000	\$	1,872,696		
2016	3.20		189,598		189,597		1,425,000		1,804,195		
2017	3.50		166,798		166,797		1,390,000		1,723,595		
2018	4.50		142,473		142,472		1,365,000		1,649,945		
2019	4.00		111,760		111,760		1,370,000		1,593,520		
2020	4.00		84,360		84,360		1,360,000		1,528,720		
2021	4.20		57,160		57,160		1,350,000		1,464,320		
2022	4.30		28,810		28,810		1,340,000		1,397,620		
		\$	992,307	\$	992,304	\$	11,050,000	\$	13,034,611		
2010 Building & Site Series A Bonds											
2015	5.50	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	-	\$	220,000		
2016	5.50		110,000	·	110,000		-		220,000		
2017	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2018	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2019	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2020	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2021	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2022	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2023	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2024	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2025	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2026	5.50		110,000		110,000		-		220,000		
2027	5.50		110,000		110,000		1,325,000		1,545,000		
2028	5.50		73,563		73,563		1,335,000		1,482,125		
2029	5.50		36,850		36,850		1,340,000		1,413,700		
		\$	1,540,413	\$	1,540,413	\$	4,000,000	\$	7,080,825		

Year Ending	Interest Rate							Total Debt	
June 30	(Percent)	N	ovember 1		May 1	·	May 1	S	ervice Cost
2010 Building & Site Series B Bonds									
2015	2.55	\$	597,450	\$	597,450	\$	600,000	\$	1,794,900
2016	2.95		589,800		589,800		600,000		1,779,60
2017	3.40		580,950		580,950		700,000		1,861,90
2018	4.00		569,050		569,050		750,000		1,888,10
2019	4.15		554,050		554,050		800,000		1,908,10
2020	4.35		537,450		537,450		900,000		1,974,90
2021	5.25		517,875		517,875		1,175,000		2,210,75
2022	5.25		487,031		487,031		1,175,000		2,149,06
2023	5.25		456,188		456,188		1,225,000		2,137,37
2024	5.25		424,031		424,031		1,250,000		2,098,06
2025	5.25		391,219		391,219		1,300,000		2,082,43
2026	5.25		357,094		357,094		1,475,000		2,189,18
2027	5.75		318,375		318,375		-		636,75
2028	5.75		318,375		318,375		-		636,75
2029	5.75		318,375		318,375		-		636,75
2030	5.75		318,375		318,375		1,700,000		2,336,75
2031	5.75		269,500		269,500		1,750,000		2,289,00
2032	5.75		219,188		219,188		1,800,000		2,238,37
2033	5.875		167,438		167,438		1,850,000		2,184,87
2034	5.875		113,094		113,094		1,900,000		2,126,18
2035	5.875		57,281		57,281		1,950,000		2,064,56
		\$	8,162,188	\$	8,162,188	\$	22,900,000	\$	39,224,37

Year Ending	Interest Rate Interest Due				ue	Principal Due			Total Debt		
June 30	(Percent)	No	ovember 1		May 1	- 	May 1	S	ervice Cost		
2014 Refunding Series A Bonds											
2015	0.80	\$	274,887	\$	271,994	\$	550,000	\$	1,096,881		
2016	1.30		271,994		267,754		1,060,000		1,599,748		
2017	1.75		267,754		254,234		13,810,000		14,331,988		
2018	2.35		151,596		132,246		13,190,000		13,473,843		
		\$	966,231	\$	926,228	\$	28,610,000	\$	30,502,459		
2014 Building & Site Series B Bonds											
2015		\$	4,022	\$	4,000	\$	-	\$	8,022		
2016			4,000		4,000		-		8,000		
2017			4,000		4,000				8,000		
2018	2.00		4,000		-		400,000		404,000		
		\$	16,022	\$	12,000	\$	400,000	\$	428,022		